PBS - Provider Baseline Assessment - v1.01

Survey Flow

EmbeddedData

PROT = 0101

SITEValue will be set from Panel or URL. PCPIDValue will be set from Panel or URL. Q URLValue will be set from Panel or URL.

Standard: PCP Demographics (PCD) (8 Questions)

Standard: Education (EDU) (15 Questions)

Standard: Individual PCP Practice Characteristics (IPC) (5 Questions)

Standard: Organizational Function (OCP) (7 Questions)

Standard: Attitudes Toward Treating Chronic Nonmalignant Pain (CNP) (37 Questions)

Standard: Substance Use Knowledge and Attitudes (SUK) (40 Questions)

Standard: Overdose Prevention Knowledge and Attitudes (ODP) (12 Questions)

EndSurvey:

Page Break



Start of Block: PCP Demographics (PCD)
INSTRUCT
Please answer the following questions about demographics.
*
PCAGE What is your age?
$X \rightarrow$
PCGENDER What is your gender?
○ Male (01)
Female (02)
○ Transgender (03)
O Nonbinary (04)
Other, specify: (99)

PCRACE WI	nat race do you consider yourself to represent? (Check all that apply)
	American Indian (01)
	Asian (02)
	Black or African American (03)
	Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander (04)
	White (05)
	Some Other Race, specify: (99)
	⊗Don't Know (97)
	Refused (98)
Display This C	
If PCRAC	<u>E = 02 </u>

PCA	SIAN If A	sian, specify:
(Asian Indian (01)
(Chinese (02)
		Filipino (03)
(Japanese (04)
		Korean (05)
		Vietnamese (06)
		Other Asian, specify: (99)
	ay This Qเ f PCRACE	
χ→	TTONAGE	. – 07
PCH	AWAII If	Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander, specify:
(Native Hawaiian (01)
(Guamanian or Chamorro (02)
(Samoan (03)
(Other Pacific Islander, specify: (99)



○ No (00) ○ Yes (01)
O Don't Know (97)
Refused (98)
Display This Question: If PCHISPNC = 01
X
PCHISPSP If "Yes", indicate the group that represents your Hispanic origin or ancestry:
O Puerto Rican (01)
O Dominican Republican (02)
O Mexican/Mexican American (03)
○ Chicano (04)
Cuban/Cuban American (05)
Central or South American (06)
Other Latin American (07)
Other Hispanic or Latino (99)
O Don't Know (97)
O Refused to Answer (98)
End of Block: PCP Demographics (PCD)

Start of Block: Education (EDU)



	Please answer and will only be	•	•	. All informati	on will be k	ept
Page Break						



EDMEDPRO Indicate your medical profession:
O Physician (MD/DO) (01)
O Physician Assistant (PA) (02)
O Nurse-Practitioner (NP) (03)
Dogo Prock
Page Break ————————————————————————————————————





EDDEGCMP What year (xxxx) did you complete the MD/DO, NP, or PA degree?
*
EDCLTRCP What year (xxxx) did you complete your clinical training (i.e. your last year of residency, clinical fellowship, or other supervised clinical training)?
Page Break



Display This Question:		
If EDMEDPRO = 01		
TO STATE OF THE ST		

X *			
GRID: MD/DO SPECIA	LT What is your medical sp	ecialty?	
	Check all that apply:	Board certified	in this specialty?
	(01)	No (0)	Yes (1)
Internal Medicine (EDMDIM)		0	\circ
Family Medicine (EDMDFM)		0	\circ
Med/Pediatrics (EDMDPM)		0	\circ
Addiction Medicine (EDMDAM)		0	\circ
Pain/Palliative Care (EDMDPC)		\circ	\circ
Other medical specialty, specify: (EDMDOT)		0	\circ
Display This Question: If EDMEDPRO = 03			
X→			
GRID: NP SPECIALTY	What is your medical special	alty?	
	Check all that apply:	•	in this specialty?
	(01)	No (0)	Yes (1)

Check all that apply:	Board certified	in this specialty?
(01)	No (0)	Yes (1)



Acute Care (EDNPAC)		\circ	\circ
Family (EDNPFM)		\circ	\circ
Psychiatry/Mental Health (EDNPMH)		\circ	\circ
Other medical specialty, specify: (EDNPOT)		0	\circ
Display This Question: If EDMEDPRO = 02			
<i>X</i> →			
GRID: PA SPECIALTY	What is your medical spec	ialtv?	
GRID: PA SPECIALTY	What is your medical spec Check all that apply:	ialty? Board certified ir	n this specialty?
GRID: PA SPECIALTY			n this specialty? Yes (1)
GRID: PA SPECIALTY Family Medicine/General Practice (EDPAFM)	Check all that apply:	Board certified in	<u> </u>
Family Medicine/General	Check all that apply:	Board certified in	<u> </u>
Family Medicine/General Practice (EDPAFM) Internal Medicine	Check all that apply:	Board certified in	<u> </u>
Family Medicine/General Practice (EDPAFM) Internal Medicine (EDPAIM) Psychiatry/Mental	Check all that apply:	Board certified in	<u> </u>



EDPYADSE In the past year , approximately how many lecture/seminar hours have you attended on alcohol or drug problems?
O None (00)
O 1-2 hours (01)
3-5 hours (02)
○ >5 hours (03)
O Don't Know/Can't Remember (97)
X÷
EDSCADSE During your medical school, nursing school, and/or postgraduate training , approximately how many lecture/seminar hours were devoted to alcohol or drug problems, or addiction training?
pproximately how many lecture/seminar hours were devoted to alcohol or drug problems, or
pproximately how many lecture/seminar hours were devoted to alcohol or drug problems, or iddiction training?
approximately how many lecture/seminar hours were devoted to alcohol or drug problems, or addiction training? None (00)
pproximately how many lecture/seminar hours were devoted to alcohol or drug problems, or addiction training? None (00) 1-10 hours (01)
pproximately how many lecture/seminar hours were devoted to alcohol or drug problems, or addiction training? None (00) 1-10 hours (01) 11-25 hours (02)

EDCLR I AD have you ever completed a clinical rotation dealing with alcohol or drug problems?
O No (00)
○ Yes, less than 1 month duration (01)
○ Yes, 1 month or longer duration (02)
O Don't Know/Can't Remember (97)
D D
Page Break ————————————————————————————————————



	EDFTRADD Have you ever received formal training in addiction medicine, such as clinical raining, on-line training, and CME coursework?							
○ No (0)							
O Yes (1)							
Display This Quality If EDFTRA								
X→								
EDFTADME I	How did you receive formal training in addiction medicine? (Check all that apply)							
	During medical/nursing/physician assistant school (01)							
	During medical residency (02)							
	During Fellowship (03)							
	On-line continuing medical education (CME) course (04)							
	In-Person CME course (05)							
	Other, specify: (99)							
Page Break								



EDFTPAIN Have you ever received formal training in pain management? This could include clinical training, on-line training, and CME coursework.							
O No (0)							
O Yes (1)						
Diamley This Or	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
Display This Quality If EDFTPA							
X→							
EDFTPMNG I	How did you get the formal training in pain management? (Check all that apply)						
	During medical/nursing/physician assistant school (01)						
	During medical residency (02)						
	During Fellowship (03)						
	On-line continuing medical education (CME) course (04)						
	In-Person CME course (05)						
	Other, specify: (99)						
Page Break							





EDWABUPP Are you waivered to prescribe buprenorphine?

EBVV/BOTT / No you warvered to presente bapteriorphine:
(Note that providers using buprenorphine for addiction treatment need to complete specific training and receive an 'x-waiver' to prescribe).
O No (0)
O Yes (1)
End of Block: Education (EDU)
Start of Block: Individual PCP Practice Characteristics (IPC)
INSTRUCT Please answer the following questions about the practice at which you work. All information will be kept confidential and only be accessible to the study staff.
*
IPPTCRHR How many hours of direct patient care do you have on an average week?
*
IPPRREHR How many hours of dedicated clinical precepting do you have on an average week?
v.



IPLEADER Do you have any leadership roles in the clinic? (e.g. Medical Director, Team Leader, etc.)
O No (0)
○ Yes (1)
*
IPPRATME How long have you worked in this practice?
O Years (1)
End of Block: Individual PCP Practice Characteristics (IPC)
Start of Block: Organizational Function (OCP)
INSTRUCT The following set of questions are about your experience in this clinic/practice. For each of the following statements, please indicate how frequently you have observed the following sets of behaviors, from 1 (very infrequently) to 5 (very frequently).
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GRID: LEADER CULTURE How frequently have you observed **senior leadership/clinical management** (e.g. medical director) in your practice:

	Very Infrequently (01)	Infrequently (02)	Neither Frequently nor Infrequently (03)	Frequently (04)	Very Frequently (05)	Don't Know (97)	Not Applicable (96)
Reward clinical innovation and creativity to improve patient care (OCMNRW)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Solicit opinions of clinical staff regarding decisions about patient care (OCMGOP)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Seek ways to improve patient education and increase patient participation in treatment (OCMGPT)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Page Break							

Page Break ——



GRID: STAFF CULTURE How frequently have you observed **staff members** in your practice:

	Very Infrequently (01)	Infrequently (02)	Neither Frequently nor Infrequently (03)	Frequently (04)	Very Frequently (05)	Don't Know (97)	Not Applicable (96)
Have a sense of personal responsibility for improving patient care and outcomes (OCSFRS)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cooperate to maintain and improve effectiveness of patient care (OCSFCO)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Be willing to innovate and/or experiment to improve clinical procedures (OCSFIN)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Be receptive to change in clinical processes (OCSFRC)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

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GRID: LEADERSHIP How frequently have you observed **senior leadership/clinical management** (e.g. medical director) in your practice:

	Very Infrequently (01)	Infrequently (02)	Neither Frequently nor Infrequently (03)	Frequently (04)	Very Frequently (05)	Don't Know (97)	Not Applicable (96)
Provide effective management for continuous improvement of patient care (OCMGIM)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Clearly define areas of responsibility and authority for clinical managers and staff (OCMGSF)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Promote team building to solve clinical care problems (OCMGTE)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Promote communication among clinical services and units (OCMGCM)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Page Break





GRID: LEADER MEASURE How frequently have you observed **senior leadership/clinical management** (e.g. medical director) in your practice:

	Very Infrequently (01)	Infrequently (02)	Neither Frequently nor Infrequently (03)	Frequently (04)	Very Frequently (05)	Don't Know (97)	Not Applicable (96)
Provide staff with information on your practice's performance measures and guidelines (OCMGGU)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Establish clear goals for patient care processes and outcomes (OCMGGO)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Provide staff members with feedback/data on effects of clinical decisions (OCMGFD)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hold staff members accountable for achieving results (OCMGAC)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Page Break -							



Page Break —

GRID: OPINION ON RTC How frequently have you observed **opinion leaders** in your practice:

	Very Infrequently (01)	Infrequently (02)	Neither Frequently nor Infrequently (03)	Frequently (04)	Very Frequently (05)	Don't Know (97)	Not Applicable (96)
Express belief that the current practice patterns can be improved (OCOLBE)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Encourage and support changes in practice patterns to improve patient care (OCOLSU)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Demonstrate willingness to try new clinical protocols (OCOLDE)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Work cooperatively with senior leadership/clinical management (e.g. medical director) to make appropriate changes (OCOLCO)	0	0	0	0	0	0	
							-

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GRID: RESOURCES In general, in your practice/program, when there is an agreement that change needs to happen, how frequently have you or your colleagues:

	Very Infrequently (01)	Infrequently (02)	Neither Frequently nor Infrequently (03)	Frequently (04)	Very Frequently (05)	Don't Know (97)	Not Applicable (96)
Had the necessary support in terms of budget or financial resources (OCSUBU)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Had the necessary support in terms of training (OCSUTR)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Had the necessary support in terms of facilities (OCSUFC)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Had the necessary support in terms of staffing (OCSUSF)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

End of Block: Organizational Function (OCP)

Start of Block: Attitudes Toward Treating Chronic Nonmalignant Pain (CNP)



INSTRUCT Please share your perspective on managing chronic nonmalignant pain.
Definition: When we say chronic nonmalignant pain (CNMP), we are referring to pain, of any
location or etiology, lasting more than three months and not caused by malignancy.
David David
Page Break ————————————————————————————————————



CNCNMPPR What proportion of patients that you see in your outpatient practice have CNMP?
(Choose the best estimate)
○ ≤5% (01)
O 6-10% (02)
O 11-30% (03)
O 31-50% (04)
○ >50% (05)
X
CNOPIAPR Of these patients with CNMP, what proportion do you prescribe opioids analgesics?
CNOPIAPR Of these patients with CNMP, what proportion do you prescribe opioids analgesics? (Choose the best estimate)
(Choose the best estimate)
(Choose the best estimate) O ≤5% (01)
(Choose the best estimate)
(Choose the best estimate)
(Choose the best estimate)





GRID: CNMP EXPERIENC Rate your agreement with the following statements.

	Strongly Disagree (00)	Disagree (01)	Neutral (02)	Agree (03)	Strongly Agree (04)
I feel CONFIDENT in managing CNMP. (CNCONFID)	0	0	0	0	0
I feel PREPARED to manage CNMP. (CNPREPAR)	0	0	0	0	0
It is DIFFICULT to manage CNMP. (CNDIFCLT)	0	0	0	0	0
Visits for CNMP take a lot of TIME. (CNVTTIME)	0	0	0	0	0
The experience of managing CNMP is REWARDING. (CNREWARD)	0	0	0	0	0
Page Break —					





GRID:PRESCRIBE CONFI

Rate your agreement with the following statements.

I feel confident in my ability to prescribe:

	Strongly Disagree (00)	Disagree (01)	Neutral (02)	Agree (03)	Strongly Agree (04)
NSAIDS. (CNRXNSAI)	0	0	0	0	0
Short-acting opioid analgesics. (CNRXSAAN)	0	0	0	0	0
Long-acting opioid analgesics. (CNRXLAAN)	0	0	0	0	0
Gabapentin. (CNRXGABA)	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ
Page Break -					



GRID: ANALGESICS/UDT Rate your agreement with the following statements.

	Strongly disagree (00)	Disagree (01)	Neutral (02)	Agree (03)	Strongly Agree (04)
I feel confident in my ability to identify red flags of potential drug use disorder in patients prescribed opioid analgesics. (CNIDREDF)	0	0	0		
I feel confident in my ability to negotiate a treatment agreement for patients requiring long-term opioid analgesics. (CNNEGTRT)	0		0	0	0
I feel confident in my ability to interpret the results of urine drug tests. (CNINTUDT)	0				
Page Break -					



CNLTOPIM In what proportion of your patients on long-term opioid analgesics have you ever signed a pain medication agreement or contract?

Choose the best estimate)
○ ≤10% (01)
O 11-25% (02)
O 26-50% (03)
O 51-75% (04)
O 76-100% (05)
Page Break



CNLTOPIU In what proportion of your patients on long-term opioid analgesics have you ever ordered a urine drug test?

Choose the best estimate)
○ ≤10% (01)
O 11-25% (02)
O 26-50% (03)
O 51-75% (04)
O 76-100% (05)
Page Break ————————————————————————————————————



CNUDTFRQ In general, how often do you collect urine drug tests per year for an average-risk patient on opioids?

hoose the best answer)
O Never (00)
Only when I suspect a problem (01)
Once a year (02)
○ Twice a year (03)
O Every three to four months (04)
O Every month (05)
ge Break ————————————————————————————————————





whom you continue to prescribe, how often do you perform a urine drug test?
(Choose the best answer)
Misuse includes abuse, addiction and overdose.
Diversion is selling, sharing or trading opioid pain medication to others.
O Never (00)
Only when I suspect a problem (01)
Once a year (02)
○ Twice a year (03)
O Every three to four months (04)
O Every month (05)
Other (specify): (99)
Skip To: CNOPIPCT If CNOPIMTF = 00
Page Break ————————————————————————————————————



CNINOINTO what proportion of urine drug tests do you not know now to interpret?
(Choose the best estimate)
○ ≤10% (00)
O 11-25% (01)
O 26-50% (02)
O 51-75% (03)
O 76-100% (04)
Page Break ————————————————————————————————————





CNUTINTS What have you done when you've encountered a urine drug test result that you did not know how to interpret?

(Choose all th	hat apply)
	Discuss with an addiction specialist (01)
	Discuss with a pain specialist (02)
	Discuss with a staff member at the lab (03)
	Discuss with a peer (04)
	Refer to a web-based resource (05)
	Repeat test (06)
	Other (specify): (99)
Page Break	



CNOPIPCT In general, how often do you (or your office clinical staff) perform pill counts for patients on opioids?

	O Never (00)
	Only when I suspect a problem (01)
	Once a year (02)
	○ Twice a year (03)
	O Every three to four months (04)
	O Every month (05)
	Other, (specify): (99)
Pa	ge Break



CNOPIPTE What percentage of patients on chronic opioid therapy have you had to terminate an opioid prescription due to increased risk of addiction or possible diversion?

(Choose the best estimate)		
O None (00)		
○ ≤10% (01)		
O 11-25% (02)		
O 26-50% (03)		
O 51-75% (04)		
O 76-100% (05)		
Page Break ————		



CNPVFASP In general, how often do you see patients (face to face or telehealth visit) to assess pain when you are prescribing opioids for pain?

O No set interval (00)
O At least once a year (01)
O At least twice a year (02)
O At least every three months (03)
O At least every month (04)
 ne Break





Page Break -

X^{\rightarrow}
CNPDMPRE Are you registered in the Prescription Drug Monitoring Program (PDMP) in the state where you practice medicine?
O No (0)
O Yes (1)
Skip To: CNOPIPIV If CNPDMPRE = 0

X4
CNPDMPUS Do you or your clinic staff (on your behalf) use the PDMP?
O No (0)
○ Yes (1)

Skip To: CNOPIPIV If CNPDMPUS = 0

Page Break ———

X^{\Rightarrow}
CNPDMPCP Have you ever changed your prescribing for a patient using data from the PDMP?
O No (0)
○ Yes (1)
Skip To: CNOPIPIV If CNPDMPCP = 0
Page Break ————————————————————————————————————

CNPDMPSP Have you ever stopped prescribing opioids based on information from the PDMP?
O No (0)
○ Yes (1)
Page Break



Page Break —

IOPIPIV Have you, or has anyone you know ever been investigated because of opioid escribing practices?
O No (00)
O Yes, by law enforcement (01)
○ Yes, by licensing officials (02)
Yes, by other entity (specify): (99)





CNOPIDIV In your opinion, how much of a problem is <u>diversion</u> of opioid pain medication in the community served by your practice?

Diversion is selling, sharing or trading opiold pain medication to others.
O Not a problem (00)
O Minimal problem (01)
O Moderate problem (02)
O Serious problem (03)
Page Break ————————————————————————————————————





GRID: PAIN TRT BARRI For each of the following, indicate whether you consider this a current barrier to the treatment of pain in <u>your</u> primary care clinic.

	No (00)	Yes (01)	Not Applicable (96)
Inadequate reimbursement (CNPTBIRE)	0	0	0
Prior authorization and other insurance requirements for pain medications (CNPTBINS)	0	0	
Inadequate clinic space, clinic time or support staff (PAs, medical assistants, nurses, administrators) (CNPTBCLI)	0	0	
Inadequate pain specialist consultation available to you and/or your patients (CNPTBPAI)	0	0	
Inadequate access to behavior health services (CNPTBBHS)	0	0	
Inadequate access to non-pharmacologic pain treatment modalities (mindfulness, yoga, acupuncture, etc.) (CNPTBNPH)	0	0	
Risk of misuse (use of a drug by someone other than the person to which it was prescribed) or diversion of prescribed opioids (CNPTBMIS)			







CNPMMPRS In your opinion, how much of a problem is <u>misuse of prescription opioid pain</u> <u>medication</u> in the community served by your practice?

Misuse includes abuse, addiction and overdose.	
O Not a problem (00)	
O Minimal problem (01)	
O Moderate problem (02)	
○ Serious problem (03)	
Page Break ————————————————————————————————————	





Page Break -

CNOPIMPS In your opinion, how much of a problem is misuse of illicit opinids like heroin or fentanyl in the community served by your practice?	
O Not a problem (00)	
○ Minimal problem (01)	
○ Moderate problem (02)	
○ Serious problem (03)	





Page Break -

CNOPIOPS In your opinion, how much of a problem is <u>opioid-related overdose</u> in the community served by your practice?

One Not a problem (00)

Minimal problem (01)

Moderate problem (02)

Serious problem (03)

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CNBUPPTN Approximately how many of your patients are currently receiving buprenorphine (from any provider) for treatment of opioid use disorder?

	O (00)
	O 1 (01)
	O 2-4 (02)
	O 5-9 (03)
	O 10-19 (04)
	O 20-29 (05)
	O 30+ (06)
	O Don't know/Not sure (97)
Pa	ge Break





CNENNARC Do you prescribe or encourage your patients to obtain Naloxone (Narcan) for overdose prevention?
Often (01)
O Sometimes (02)
O Rarely (03)
O Never (04)
Page Break ————————————————————————————————————



CNNARCPO Do you or your practice have a policy to give out Naloxone prescriptions or kits (if available) to patients or their friends/family members?
O No (0)
○ Yes (1)
Page Break ————————————————————————————————————



INSTRUCT Rate your agreement with the following statements about <u>risky opioid use</u>.

Risky opioid use is defined as <u>nonmedical use of prescribed opioids</u> (taking a higher dose or
taking an opioid more frequently than prescribed), any use of illicit opioids, or taking
pharmaceutical opioids that were not prescribed to the individual taking them.
Page Break



CNMNGCON I feel confident managing risky opioid use in my patients.
O Strongly Disagree (00)
O Disagree (01)
O Neutral (02)
O Agree (03)
O Strongly Agree (04)
Page Break



CNMNGPRE I feel prepared to manage risky opioid use in my patients.
O Strongly Disagree (00)
O Disagree (01)
O Neutral (02)
O Agree (03)
○ Strongly Agree (04)
Page Break ————————————————————————————————————



CNMN	GDIF It is difficult to manage risky opioid use.
\circ	Strongly Disagree (00)
\circ	Disagree (01)
\circ	Neutral (02)
0	Agree (03)
0	Strongly Agree (04)
Desc. [



CNMNGREW The experience of managing risky opioid use is rewarding.
O Strongly Disagree (00)
O Disagree (01)
O Neutral (02)
O Agree (03)
O Strongly Agree (04)
Page Break



CNCONIDE I feel confident in my ability to identify patients at risk of opioid-related overdose.
○ Strongly Disagree (00)
O Disagree (01)
O Neutral (02)
O Agree (03)
O Strongly Agree (04)
Dava Davak



CNCONDIA I feel confident in my ability to diagnose opioid use disorder (OUD).
O Strongly Disagree (00)
O Disagree (01)
O Neutral (02)
O Agree (03)
○ Strongly Agree (04)
Page Break ————————————————————————————————————



CNCONINT I feel confident in my ability to interpret the results of urine drug tests.
O Strongly Disagree (00)
O Disagree (01)
O Neutral (02)
O Agree (03)
O Strongly Agree (04)
Page Break





GRID: ROU TRT BARRIE For each of the following, indicate whether you consider this a current barrier to the treatment of risky opioid use in <u>your</u> primary care clinic.

	No (00)	Yes (01)	Not Applicable (96)
Inadequate reimbursement for counseling on substance use (CNOTBIRE)	0	0	0
Inadequate clinic space, clinic time or support staff (PAs, medical assistants, nurses, administrators) (CNOTBCLI)	0	0	
Inadequate addiction specialist consultation available to you and/or your patients (CNOTBSPC)	0	0	
Inadequate access to psycho-social services such as substance use counseling and/or groups (CNOTBPSC)	0	0	
Inadequate access to addiction treatment program options for patients who develop opioid use disorder (i.e. methadone clinic, residential treatment) (CNOTBPRO)	0	0	
Inadequate access or availability of psychiatric services for the management of patients with co- occurring substance use and psychiatric diagnoses (CNOTBPSY)	0		



End of Block: Attitudes Toward Treating Chronic Nonmalignant Pain (CNP)
Start of Block: Substance Use Knowledge and Attitudes (SUK)
INSTRUCT We realize that your time with patients in primary care is limited and there are many competing demands on that time. Your honest responses are very important to the validity of the study. There are no right answers. Your candid responses are appreciated.
Page Break





GRID: SCREEN/TRT BAR To what extent are each of the following barriers for you when screening and/or treating patients with alcohol or drug problems?

	Not a Barrier (01)	Minor Barrier (02)	Moderate Barrier (03)	Major Barrier (04)	Very Major Barrier (05)
Time constraints: (SUNOTIME)	0	0	0	0	0
Patients do not want to be asked these questions: (SUNOASK)	0	0	0	0	0
My lack of experience in dealing with alcohol or drug problems: (SULACKEX)	0	0		0	0
Patients' refusals to accept the diagnosis of substance use disorder: (SUREFUSE)	0	0	0	0	0
Legal issues related to recording these diagnoses on medical records: (SULEGAL)	0	0	0	0	0
Lack of efficacy of office intervention for alcohol problems: (SUNOOIAP)	0	0			

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Lack of efficacy of office intervention for drug problems: (SUNOOIDP)	0	0	0	0	0
Lack of efficacy of formal alcohol/drug treatment: (SUNOFTRT)	0	0	0	0	0
Inadequate access to places to refer patients: (SUNACCES)	0	0	0	0	0
Patients' lack of compliance in keeping referral appointments: (SUMISSAP)	0	0	0	0	0
Referrals have not helped my patients in the past: (SUNOHELP)	0	0	0	0	0
My discomfort in dealing with these issues: (SUDISCOM)	0	0	0	0	0





GRID: COUNSEL MISUSE How often do you counsel patients who <u>misuse</u> alcohol or drugs about their...

	Never (01)	Rarely (02)	Sometimes (03)	Usually (04)	Always (05)
tobacco problems? (SUMISTOB)	0	0	0	0	0
alcohol problems? (SUMISALC)	0	0	0	0	0
drug problems? (SUMISDRG)	0	0	0	\circ	\circ

Page Break

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GRID: AUD TRT BEHAVI In patients with alcohol use disorder, how often do you...

	Never (01)	Rarely (02)	Sometimes (03)	Usually (04)	Always (05)
advise them to abstain? (SUAUDABS)	0	0	0	0	0
advise them to cut down? (SUAUDCUT)	0	0	0	0	0
refer them for treatment (i.e. 12-step program like AA, mental health professional, treatment program)? (SUAUDREF)	0				0
treat them yourself without specialty consultation or referral? (SUAUDNRE)	0	0		0	0
Page Break —					





GRID: DUD PT TRT BEH In patients with drug use disorder, how often do you...

	Never (01)	Rarely (02)	Sometimes (03)	Usually (04)	Always (05)
advise them to abstain? (SUDUDABS)	0	0	0	0	0
advise them to cut down? (SUDUDCUT)	0	0	0	0	0
refer them for treatment (i.e. 12-step program like AA, mental health professional, treatment program)? (SUDUDREF)					0
treat them yourself without specialty consultation or referral? (SUDUDNRE)					0
Page Break —					





GRID: RISK ALC ADVIS In patients who are at risk for alcohol problems but do not have an alcohol use disorder (known as hazardous or risky drinkers), how often do you...

	Never (01)	Rarely (02)	Sometimes (03)	Usually (04)	Always (05)
advise them to abstain? (SURAPABS)	0	0	0	0	0
advise them to cut down? (SURAPCUT)	0	0	0	0	0

GRID: RISK DRG ADVIS In patients who are at risk for drug problems but do not have a drug use disorder (known as hazardous or risky drug users), how often do you...

	Never (01)	Rarely (02)	Sometimes (03)	Usually (04)	Always (05)
advise them to abstain? (SURDPABS)	0	0	0	0	0
advise them to cut down? (SURDPCUT)	0	0	0	0	0
Page Break —					





GRID: PRO SATISFACTI How much professional satisfaction do you experience when caring for patients with...

·	None at All (01)	Very Little (02)	Some (03)	Moderate (04)	A Great Deal (05)
alcohol problems? (SUSATALC)	0	0	0	0	0
drug problems? (SUSATDRG)	0	0	0	\circ	\circ
opioid use? (SUSATOPI)	0	0	0	\circ	0
depression? (SUSATDEP)	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ
hypertension? (SUSATHYP)	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ
Daga Prook					

Page Break ———





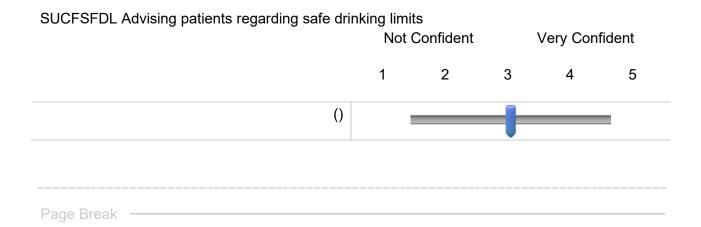
GRID: PCP RESPONSIBL In the primary care setting, how responsible do you feel for:

	None at All (01)	A Little (02)	Somewhat (03)	Moderately (04)	Very (05)
Screening for alcohol and drug problems (SURSPSCR)	0	0	0	0	0
Counseling patients for alcohol and drug problems (SURSPCOU)	0	0	0	0	0
Referring for alcohol and drug treatment (SURSPREF)	0	0	0	0	0
Following-up to monitor alcohol and/or drug problems (SURSPFUP)	0	0		0	0
Page Break —					

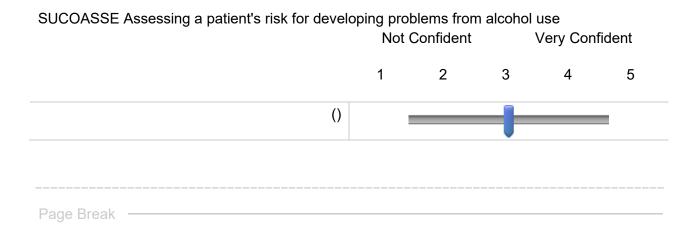


INSTRUCT Indicate how confident you are in you	r skills a	.t: 			
SUCFHIAU Taking a history about alcohol use	Not	Confident	,	Very Conf	fident
	1	2	3	4	5
()	!		-		-
Page Break ————————————————————————————————————					











SUCFCOAU Counseling patients about alcohol use Not Confident 1 2 3 4 5 () Page Break



SUCFFSCR Using formal substance use screening tools (e.g. TAPS, AUDIT, single-item screening questions for alcohol/drugs)

screening questions for alcohol/drugs)		Not Confident			Very Confident		
		1	2	3	4	5	
	()					=	
Page Break ————————————————————————————————————							

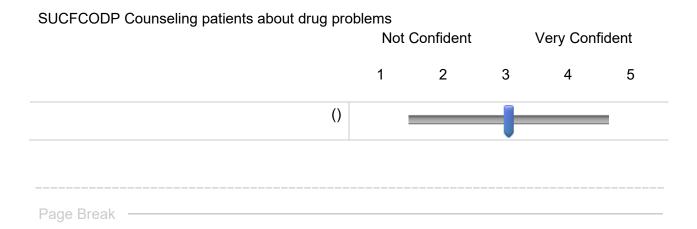


SUCFHIID Taking a history about illicit drugs Not Confident 1 2 3 4 5 () Page Break

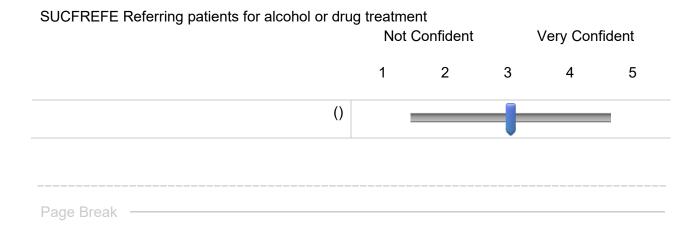


SUCFDADP Diagnosing alcohol and drug problems Not Confident 1 2 3 4 5 () Page Break

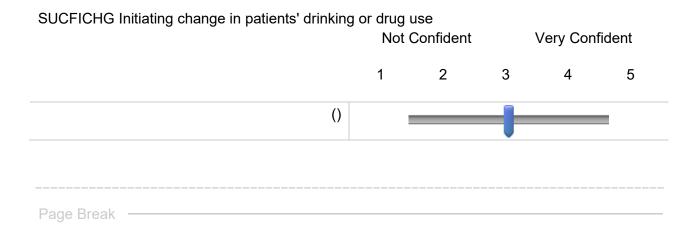














INSTRUCT Indicate how much you agree or disagree with each of the following statements.
$X \rightarrow$
SUDIABTR Diabetes is a treatable illness
O Strongly Disagree (01)
O Disagree (02)
O Uncertain (03)
O Agree (04)
O Strongly Agree (05)
Page Break





SUEARTRT Physicians who diagnose alcoholism early improve the chance of treatment success

○ Strongly Disagree (01)
O Disagree (02)
Ouncertain (03)
O Agree (04)
O Strongly Agree (05)
 ago Prook





SUABSTNC Once an alcohol or drug dependent patient is abstinent and off all medication, no further contact with a physician is necessary



SUNECANG Angry confrontation is necessary in the treatment of alcoholics or drug addicts
O Strongly Disagree (01)
O Disagree (02)
O Uncertain (03)
O Agree (04)
O Strongly Agree (05)
Page Break

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Page Break ----



SUNEEDLE Giving needles to intravenous drug users is wrong because it just encourages them to inject

Strongly Disagree (01)

Disagree (02)

Uncertain (03)

Agree (04)

Strongly Agree (05)

Page Break ———



SUDF	RADTR Drug addiction is a treatable illness
	Strongly Disagree (01)
	Disagree (02)
	Uncertain (03)
	Agree (04)
	Strongly Agree (05)



Page Break —

SUA	ALCHTR Alcoholism is a treatable illness
	○ Strongly Disagree (01)
	O Disagree (02)
	Ouncertain (03)
	○ Agree (04)
	O Strongly Agree (05)



SUADPUNP Most alcohol and drug dependent persons are unpleasant to work with as patients
O Strongly Disagree (01)
O Disagree (02)
O Uncertain (03)
O Agree (04)
O Strongly Agree (05)
Page Break ————————————————————————————————————





SUSEVREL An alcohol or drug dependent person who has relapsed several times probably cannot be treated

	○ Strongly Disagree (01)
	Obisagree (02)
	Ouncertain (03)
	O Agree (04)
	○ Strongly Agree (05)
 Dag	ne Break





SURCKBOT An alcohol or drug dependent person cannot be helped until he/she has hit "rock bottom"

○ Strongly Disagree (01)
Obisagree (02)
Ouncertain (03)
○ Agree (04)
○ Strongly Agree (05)
 ne Break ————————————————————————————————————



SUWEAKWL Alcoholism is associated with a weak will
○ Strongly Disagree (01)
O Disagree (02)
O Uncertain (03)
O Agree (04)
○ Strongly Agree (05)
Page Break ————————————————————————————————————



SUIDUNCH Intravenous drug users are not capable of changing
O Strongly Disagree (01)
O Disagree (02)
O Uncertain (03)
O Agree (04)
O Strongly Agree (05)
Page Break ————————————————————————————————————



SUADUGOO Many intravenous drug users are good people
○ Strongly Disagree (01)
O Disagree (02)
O Uncertain (03)
O Agree (04)
○ Strongly Agree (05)
Page Break ————————————————————————————————————



SUWSTTIM It is a waste of time trying to help intravenous drug users
O Strongly Disagree (01)
O Disagree (02)
Ouncertain (03)
O Agree (04)
○ Strongly Agree (05)
Page Break ————————————————————————————————————

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SUOPIUPR What percentage of your outpatients do you think use illicit opioids? (*Illicit opioids include heroin, fentanyl, and prescription opioids that are not prescribed/bought on the street.*) (Choose the best estimate)

	○ ≤5% (01)
	O 6-10% (02)
	O 11-20% (03)
	O 21-30% (04)
	O >30% (05)
Pa	ge Break





GRID: DIAGNOSIS PERC What percent of your outpatients have.... (*Please fill in a number between 0-100*)

(Choose the best estimate)	
	Percent (0-100%) (1)
tobacco use disorder? (SUPERTUD)	
alcohol use disorder? (SUPERAUD)	
opioid use disorder? (SUPEROUD)	
any other drug use disorder (e.g. cocaine, benzodiazepine)? Please include patients who may have a concurrent alcohol or opioid use disorder. (SUPERDUD)	
Page Break	





GRID: IMPROVE PERCEN In what percent of your patients with alcohol or drug use disorder have you successfully improved their alcohol or drug use disorder? (Please fill in a number between 0-100) (Choose the best estimate)

	Percent (0-100%) (1)
Percent with improved tobacco use order (SUIPCTUD)	
Percent with improved alcohol use disorder (SUIPCAUD)	
Percent with improved opioid use disorder (SUIPCOUD)	
Percent with improved other drug use disorder (e.g. cocaine, benzodiazepine)? <i>Please include patients who may have a concurrent alcohol or opioid use disorder.</i> (SUIPCDUD)	
Page Break	





SUACQSUD Have you or someone you have known (other than one of your patients) had an alcohol or drug problem?

○ No (0))		
O Yes ((1)		
Page Break		 	



Display This Question: If SUACQSUD = 1 SUACQREL How close is/was this person to you? Passing Acquaintance Family Member, Close Friend, Yourself 3 5 1 2 () End of Block: Substance Use Knowledge and Attitudes (SUK) **Start of Block: Overdose Prevention Knowledge and Attitudes (ODP)** INSTRUCT The next set of questions are about talking with patients about overdose prevention. Page Break —



ODNARKNO I am knowledgeable about when a Naloxone Rescue kit is indicated.
O Strongly Disagree (05)
O Disagree (04)
Ounsure (03)
O Agree (02)
○ Strongly Agree (01)
Page Break ————————————————————————————————————



ODNARFAM I am not familiar enough with Naloxone administration to discuss it with patients.
O Strongly Disagree (01)
O Disagree (02)
Ounsure (03)
O Agree (04)
O Strongly Agree (05)
Page Break ————————————————————————————————————



Page Break —

NFMPRE I am not familiar enough with overdose prevention strategies to discuss them with patients.
O Strongly Disagree (01)
O Disagree (02)
Ounsure (03)
O Agree (04)
O Strongly Agree (05)



ODCOMTAL I am comfortable talking to my patients about preventing overdose from opioids.
O Strongly Disagree (05)
O Disagree (04)
O Unsure (03)
O Agree (02)
O Strongly Agree (01)
Page Break ————————————————————————————————————



ODSRTCVS I am not sure how to start a conversation about overdose prevention.
○ Strongly Disagree (01)
O Disagree (02)
Ounsure (03)
O Agree (04)
○ Strongly Agree (05)
Page Break ————————————————————————————————————





ODNOTRUS I am concerned that discussing overdose prevention strategies with my patients who are prescribed opioids will send the message that I don't trust them.

	○ Strongly Disagree (01)
	O Disagree (02)
	Ounsure (03)
	O Agree (04)
	O Strongly Agree (05)
	ane Break
-	ana Braak ———————————————————————————————————

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ODEXPREL I am concerned that providing Naloxone Rescue Kits to patients in recovery from substance misuse will send the message that I expect them to relapse to illicit opioid use.

	O Strongly Disagree (01)
	O Disagree (02)
	Ounsure (03)
	O Agree (04)
	O Strongly Agree (05)
Pa	age Break ————————————————————————————————————





ODCONDON I am concerned that discussing overdose prevention strategies and prescribing Naloxone Rescue Kits gives the impression that I am condoning opioid misuse.

	O Strongly Disagree (01)
	O Disagree (02)
	Ounsure (03)
	O Agree (04)
	O Strongly Agree (05)
	Decel
M 2	ige Break





ODUSEMOR I am concerned that illicit opioid users will use more opioids if they know they have access to Naloxone Rescue Kits.

O Strongly Disagree (01)
Obisagree (02)
Ounsure (03)
O Agree (04)
O Strongly Agree (05)
 one Break

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ODLESSTR I am concerned that illicit opioid users will be less likely to seek out treatment if they have access to Naloxone Rescue Kits.

O Strongly Disagree (01)
O Disagree (02)
O Unsure (03)
O Agree (04)
O Strongly Agree (05)
 e Break

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ODRESPON I believe it is the responsibility of the clinician prescribing opioids to discuss overdose prevention with patients.

O Strongly Disagree (01)
O Disagree (02)
Ounsure (03)
O Agree (04)
O Strongly Agree (05)

End of Block: Overdose Prevention Knowledge and Attitudes (ODP)