PHS - 0105 Pharmacist Survey - v2.00

Survey Flow

Embedded Data PROT = 0105

- Information Sheet (1 Question)
- Informed Consent (1 Question)
- Contact Information (3 Questions)
- Demographics (7 Questions)
- Pharmacist's Education and Practice Characteristics (12 Questions)
- Opioid Overdose Knowledge Scale (OOKS) (9 Questions)
- Past Personal Experience with Opioid Misuse and Overdose Prevention (2 Questions)
- Concerns about Patients' Drug Misuse Problems (3 Questions)
- Concerns about Opioid Prescribers' Opioid Prescribing Practices (4 Questions)
- Knowledge About Available Screening Tools and Past Experience w Delivering SRT (8 Questions)
- Subjective Norms/Beliefs (2 Questions)
- Perceived Social Stigma (8 Questions)
- (DDPPQ) Drug and Drug Problems Perception Questionnaire (21 Questions)
- Perceived Self-efficacy and Confidence to Address OUD (2 Questions)
- Perceived Barriers and Facilitators (6 Questions)
- Pharmacist Experience Dispensing MOUD (6 Questions)
- Pharmacist Perception of Effectiveness of OUD Treatment Option (2 Questions)
- Opinions About MOUD and Intention to Practice (28 Questions)
- Perceived Benefits and Barriers of Collaborative Care Model Approach (1 Question)
- Policy Support for Pharmacist-Provided SRT Services (1 Question)
- Potential Impacts of the COVID-19 Pandemic (11 Questions)
- Follow-up Interview (1 Question)

End Survey:

Start of Block: Information Sheet

Information Sheet

Researchers at Duke University, who are funded by the National Institute on Drug Abuse, would like to invite you to participate in this paid survey. The purpose of this survey is to assess the

knowledge, attitudes, and opinions of licensed community pharmacists regarding preventive services and treatment for opioid and other substance use disorders.

Who is eligible?

Licensed **community** pharmacists who work and reside in the United States.

What are the costs to you?

There are **no** anticipated costs to you associated with participating in this study.

What is involved in this study?

Completing the survey should take **approximately 40 minutes** of your time.

What about compensation?

You will be compensated **\$150** for your time to complete the survey.

This survey should be taken in one of the following supported browsers:

- Apple Safari
- Google Chrome
- Microsoft Edge
- Mozilla Firefox

The survey may be taken on mobile devices, such as phones or tablets, but <u>it is recommended</u> to use a computer.

Your progress through the survey will be saved. If you would like to continue your survey response, be sure to access the survey on the same device and in the same browser.

Research studies are voluntary. You may decline participation in this survey simply by closing this tab in your browser. Click the 'Next' button below to indicate your willingness to participate and start the survey.

For questions about the study, contact:

Dr. Li-Tzy Wu

Principal Investigator Professor in Psychiatry Duke University School of Medicine (919) 889-9369 Litzy.wu@duke.edu

Dr. William John Project Manager Assistant Professor in Psychiatry Duke University School of Medicine (919) 681-7291

William.john@duke.edu

End of Block: Information Sheet

Start of Block: Informed Consent

Integrating community pharmacy-based prevention and treatment of opioid and other substance use disorders: A nationwide survey of community pharmacists (Pharm-Serve-SUD)

Consent to Participate in a Research Study

INTRODUCTION

You are being invited to participate in a survey study. You are being asked to take part in this study because you are a licensed community pharmacist in the U.S. You were identified as a potential participant for this study through a pharmacist network or association in the U.S. Research studies are voluntary and include only people who choose to take part. Please read this consent form carefully and take your time making your decision. The nature of the study, risks, inconveniences, discomforts, and other important information about the study are listed below.

This study is being conducted by Dr. Li-Tzy Wu and is funded by the National Institute on Drug Abuse (NIDA). NIDA is paying Duke University Health System and Dr. Wu to perform this research.

WHY IS THIS STUDY BEING DONE?

Community pharmacists are well positioned to help identify patients at risk for opioid and other substance use problems, provide patient education, and collaborate with physicians to improve medication therapy management and patient care for patients with opioid use disorder. However, there is limited information available about community pharmacist-provided care for patients with opioid or other substance use disorders. The purpose of this survey is to study community pharmacists' knowledge and perception of opioid and other substance use, preventive services, and pharmacist-provided services for medication treatment for opioid use disorder. This information will be used to better understand potential barriers and facilitators of engaging community pharmacists to provide screening for unhealthy substance use and

referrals to treatment for reducing unhealthy substance use and improving care for opioid use disorder treatment at pharmacy settings.

HOW MANY PEOPLE WILL TAKE PART IN THIS STUDY?

A total of **1,062** licensed community pharmacists from multiple states and Washington D.C. will participate in this survey.

WHAT IS INVOLVED IN THE STUDY?

If you agree to participate in this study, you will be asked to complete an online survey about your knowledge, attitudes, and perceptions about opioid and other substance use, preventive services for substance use disorders, and community pharmacy-based services for medication treatment for opioid use disorder. Completing the survey should take **approximately 40 minutes** of your time. Some questions will be related to your knowledge or perceptions of conducting screening for opioid misuse and making referral to treatment. **You may start the survey and come back as needed to finish it, although the same device (computer, tablet) and browser must be used.** A study team member may contact you (via email or phone) about completing a partially completed survey as needed. You may receive up to 7 reminders to complete an incomplete survey.

WHAT ARE THE RISKS OF THE STUDY?

There are minimal risks associated with this study. There is, however, the potential risk of loss of confidentiality. Every effort will be made to keep your information confidential; however, this cannot be guaranteed. Also, some questions may be sensitive; however, all of your answers will be confidential, and you may refuse to answer any of the questions you do not feel comfortable answering. You may stop your participation in this study at any time.

ARE THERE BENEFITS TO TAKING PART IN THE STUDY?

If you agree to take part in this survey, you are not expected to directly benefit from the study. However, your responses will be informative for designing future studies to evaluate the effectiveness of community pharmacist-provided services or patient care for preventing and treating opioid and other substance use disorders. Together, these results may lead to improving prevention and treatment for substance use disorders.

WHAT ALTERNATIVES ARE THERE TO PARTICIPATION IN THIS STUDY?

The alternative is to simply not participate. Your participation in this survey is entirely voluntary.

WILL MY INFORMATION BE KEPT CONFIDENTIAL?

During the study, all responses will be kept confidential and will not be shared with anyone other than the study research personnel. The study team may use the contact information you provide as part of completing the survey to confirm study eligibility, as needed, with the pharmacist network or association to which you belong and that initially contacted you about this survey. If you choose to participate, your email address or any other identifying information will be kept in a secure location separate from your responses to the questions. A unique, random study identification number will be assigned to all data we collect from you, and it will not be linked to

any personal identifiable information. The study records will be retained for 6 years after completion of the study. While data resulting from this study may be presented at scientific meetings or published in a scientific journal, your name or other personal information will never be revealed. Results will only be reported as aggregates so that your identity cannot be deduced. Data from this survey will also be available to researchers on another website, <u>https://datashare.nida.nih.gov/</u> after the study is complete and the data analyzed. This website will not include information that can identify you. You can view this website at any time.

WHAT ARE THE COSTS TO YOU?

There are no anticipated costs to you associated with participating in this study.

WHAT ABOUT COMPENSATION?

If you are eligible for this study (i.e., you are a licensed community pharmacist in the U.S.), you will be compensated **\$150** for your time to complete the survey for this study.

WHAT ABOUT MY RIGHTS TO DECLINE PARTICIPATION OR WITHDRAW FROM THE STUDY?

You may choose not to be in the study, or, if you agree to be in the study, you may withdraw from the study at any time. To withdraw your consent to be in the study, please notify one of the study team members via the contact information provided below or in the survey information sheet. If you withdraw from the study, no new data about you will be collected for study purposes other than data needed to keep track of your withdrawal. All data that have already been collected for study purposes will be sent to the study sponsor.

WHOM DO I CALL IF I HAVE QUESTIONS OR PROBLEMS?

For questions about the study or if you have problems, concerns, or suggestions about the research, contact Dr. Li-Tzy Wu (Principal Investigator) at (919) 889-9369 or Dr. William John (Project Manager) at (919) 681-7291 during regular business hours or email Litzy.wu@duke.edu after hours and on weekends and holidays.

For questions about your rights as a research participant, or to discuss problems, concerns or suggestions related to the research, or to obtain information about the research, contact the Duke University Health System Institutional Review Board (IRB) Office at (919) 668-5111.

STATEMENT OF CONSENT

The purpose of this study, procedures to be followed, risks and benefits have been explained to me. Any questions of mine have been answered to my satisfaction. I have been told whom to contact if I have questions, to discuss problems, concerns, or suggestions related to the

research, or to obtain information or offer input about the research. <u>I may print a copy of this</u> consent form for my records.

PHCONSNT

I understand that by clicking the "Agree" button, I have read this consent form and agree to be in this study, with the understanding that I may withdraw at any time. (01)

I agree to be contacted in the future for more detailed answers to these survey questions or for other research opportunities. (02)

Skip To End of Survey

If PHCONSNT "I understand that by clicking the "Agree" button, I have read this consent form and agree to be in this study, with the understanding that I may withdraw at any time." (01) is NOT selected

End of Block: Informed Consent

Start of Block: Contact Information

To start, the following questions ask for your contact information. This information will only be used by research staff to follow up about an incomplete survey response and to provide reimbursement for your time spent taking this survey. You **must** provide your e-mail address and phone number in order to receive reimbursement for your time spent taking this survey.

PHEMAIL What is the best e-mail address at which to contact you?

PHPHONE What is the best phone number at which to contact you?

End of Block: Contact Information

Start of Block: Demographics

DEAGE What is your age? <i>(in years)</i>	
	[18-80]
DESEX What sex were you assigned at birth?	
◯ Male (01)	
◯ Female (02)	
O Don't know (97)	
O Refuse to answer (98)	
DELATINX Do you consider yourself to be Hispanic/Latinx?	
O No (00)	
○ Yes (01)	
O Don't know (97)	
◯ Refuse to answer (98)	

Display This Question:

If DELATINX "Do you consider yourself to be Hispanic/Latinx?" is answered "Yes" (01)

DELATNSP If "Yes", indicate the group that represents your Hispanic origin or ancestry (*Check all that apply*):

Puerto Rican (01)
Dominican (Republic) (02)
Mexican/Mexican American (03)
Chicano (04)
Cuban/Cuban American (05)
Central or South American (06)
Other Latin American (07)
Other Hispanic or Latinx (99)
Oon't know (97)
Refuse to answer (98)

DERACE	What race do you consider yourself to represent? (Check all that apply)
	American Indian or Alaska Native (01)
	Asian (02)
	Black or African American (03)
	Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander (04)
	White (05)
	Some other race: (99)DERACESP
	Oon't know (97)
	Refuse to answer (98)

Display This Question:

If DERACE "What race do you consider yourself to represent?" is answered "Asian" (02)

DEASIASP If "Asian", please specify:

Asian Indian (01)	
Chinese (02)	
Filipino (03)	
Japanese (04)	
Korean (05)	
Vietnamese (06)	
Other Asian: (99)	

Display This Question:

If DERACE "What race do you consider yourself to represent?" is answered "Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander" (04)

DEHAWISP If "Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander", please specify:

Native Hawaiian (01)	
Guamanian or Chamorro (02)	
Samoan (03)	
Other Pacific Islander: (99)	

End of Block: Demographics

Start of Block: Pharmacist's Education and Practice Characteristics

PHDEGREE What is the highest degree that you have achieved?

PHSTATE What state is your pharmacy located in?

Alabama (01)	Illinois (14)	Montana (27)	Puerto Rico (40)
Alaska (02)	Indiana (15)	Nebraska (28)	Rhode Island (41)
Arizona (03)	lowa (16)	Nevada (29)	South Carolina (42)
Arkansas (04)	Kansas (17)	New Hampshire (30)	South Dakota (43)
California (05)	Kentucky (18)	New Jersey (31)	Tennessee (44)
Colorado (06)	Louisiana (19)	New Mexico (32)	Texas (45)
Connecticut (07)	Maine (20)	New York (33)	Utah (46)
Delaware (08)	Maryland (21)	North Carolina (34)	Vermont (47)

District of Columbia (09)	Massachusetts (22)	North Dakota (35)	Virginia (48)	
Florida (10)	Michigan (23)	Ohio (36)	Washington (49)	
Georgia (11)	Minnesota (24)	Oklahoma (37)	West Virginia (50)	
Hawaii (12)	Mississippi (25)	Oregon (38)	Wisconsin (51)	
Idaho (13)	Missouri (26)	Pennsylvania (39)	Wyoming (52)	
I do not reside in the United States (53)				

PHLOCSIZ Which of the following best describes the location of your pharmacy?

\bigcirc	Urhan	(areater	than	50 000	residents)	•	(01)	۱
\bigcirc	Ulban	(greater	uiaii	50,000	residents	, (UT,)

Suburban (10,000-50,000 residents) (02)

Rural (less than 10,000 residents) (03)

PHPRCTYP Type of pharmacy of your current practice setting:

Chain (e.g., CVS, Walgreens, Rite Aid) (01)

O Independent (including independent pharmacies with multiple locations) (02)

O Mass Merchandiser (03)

O Supermarket (04)

O Hospital (pharmacy located in a hospital) (05)

O Other: (99) _____ PHPRCTSP

PHYRSLIC Years in practice as a licensed pharmacist:

_____[0-60]

PHROLE Your role(s) at the pharmacy (Check all that apply):

Owner or Partner (01)

Manager/Pharmacist-in-charge (PIC) (02)

Staff Pharmacist (03)

Clinical Pharmacist (04)

Other: (99)

PHPHMOND How many licensed pharmacists are typically on duty at your pharmacy (primary location) during the majority of the workday?

◯ 1 pharmacist (01)
◯ 2 pharmacists (02)
◯ 3 pharmacists (03)
\bigcirc 4 or more pharmacists (04)

PHTCHOND How many pharmacy technicians are typically on duty at your pharmacy (primary location) during the majority of the workday?

0 technicians (00)

\bigcirc	1	technician	(01)
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2 technicians	(02)
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○ 3 technicians (0)3)
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 \bigcirc 4 or more technicians (04)

PHWKDRGD In the past 3 months, what is the approximate number of **prescriptions for ANY controlled substances for any medical conditions** dispensed at the pharmacy?

[0-25,000] PHWKOPID In the past 3 months, what is the approximate number of prescriptions for opioid medications for pain related conditions dispensed to patients at the pharmacy? [0-20,000] PHWKBUPD In the past 3 months, what is the approximate number of prescriptions for Buprenorphine (e.g., generic sublingual tablets or films, Suboxone, Subutex, Zubsolv, Bunavail, Cassipa, or injectable Sublocade) or Naltrexone (oral or injectable) to treat opioid use disorder dispensed to patients at the pharmacy? [0-20,000] PHWKNARD In the past 3 months, what is the approximate number of **naloxone kits for** overdose prevention dispensed to patients at the pharmacy? [0-2,500] End of Block: Pharmacist's Education and Practice Characteristics Start of Block: OKS - Opioid Overdose Knowledge Scale (OOKS) Please answer the following questions about heroin overdose (or an overdose from other opioids such as: methadone, morphine, oxycodone, tramadol, fentanyl or codeine).

OKODRISK Which of the following factors increase the risk of a heroin (opioid) overdose? *(Check all that apply)*

	Taking larger than usual doses of heroin/opioids (01)
	Switching from smoking to injecting heroin (02)
benzodia	Using heroin/opioids with other substances, such as alcohol, sleeping pills, or zepines (03)
	Increase in heroin purity (04)
	Using heroin/opioids again after not having used for a while (05)
	Using heroin/opioids when no one else is present around (06)
	A long history of heroin/opioid use (07)
	Using heroin/opioids again soon after release from prison (08)
	Using heroin/opioids again after a detox treatment (09)

OKODSIGN V	which of the following are indicators of an opioid overdose? (Check all that apply)
	Having blood-shot eyes (01)
	Slow/shallow breathing (02)
	Lips, hands or feet turning blue (03)
	Loss of consciousness (04)
	Unresponsive (05)
	Convulsions or seizure (06)
	Deep snoring (07)
	Very small pupils (08)
	Agitated behavior (09)
	Rapid heartbeat (10)

OKODMNG Which of the following should be done when managing an opioid overdose? (Check all that apply)

Call an ambulance (01)
Stay with the person until an ambulance arrives (02)
Inject the person with salt solution or milk (03)
Mouth to mouth resuscitation (04)
Give stimulants (e.g., cocaine or black coffee) (05)
Place the person in the recovery position (on their side with mouth clear) (06)
Give naloxone (opioid antidote) (07)
Put the person in a bath of cold water (08)
Check for breathing (09)
Check for blocked airways (nose and mouth) (10)
Put the person in bed to sleep it off (11)

OKNARUSE What is naloxone used for?

- To reverse the effects of an opioid overdose (e.g., heroin, methadone) (01)
- \bigcirc To reverse the effects of an amphetamine overdose (02)
- \bigcirc To reverse the effects of a cocaine overdose (03)
- \bigcirc To reverse the effects of any overdose (04)
- O Don't know (97)

<mark>OKNARADM</mark>	How can naloxone be administered? (Check all that apply)
	Into a muscle (intramuscular) (01)
	Into a vein (intravenous) (02)
	Under the skin (subcutaneous) (03)
	Orally - liquid (04)
	Orally - tablet (05)
	Intranasally (06)
	Oon't know (97)

OKNARPLC Where is the most recommended place for a non-expert to administer naloxone?

- \bigcirc Outside of thighs or upper arms (01)
- O Any vein (02)
- O Heart (03)
- O By mouth (04)
- O Intranasally (05)
- O Don't know (97)

OKNARTIM How long does naloxone take to start having effect?

Ο	2-5	minutes	(01)
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- 6-10 minutes (02)
- 11-20 minutes (03)
- 21-40 minutes (04)
- O Don't know (97)

OKNARLST How long do the effects of naloxone last for?

- Less than 20 minutes (01)
- \bigcirc More than 20 minutes but less than one hour (02)
- 1 to 6 hours (03)
- 6 to 12 hours (04)
- O Don't know (97)

End of Block: OKS - Opioid Overdose Knowledge Scale (OOKS)

Start of Block: Past Personal Experience with Opioid Misuse and Overdose Prevention

PHOPIFAM Have you ever had a family member or close friend who has had a problem with opioid use or opioid use disorder? *Opioids includes prescription pain medications, illicit opioids, and heroin.*

○ No (0)

○ Yes (1)

PHODFAM Have you ever had a family member or close friend who experienced an opioid overdose?

O No (0)

O Yes (1)

End of Block: Past Personal Experience with Opioid Misuse and Overdose Prevention

Start of Block: Concerns about Patients' Drug Misuse Problems

The following questions are related to your **general** concerns about patients' potential drug use problems at your practice setting (i.e., pharmacy).

PHOPICON During the past 90 days, approximately how many of your patients have caused you concern with respect to their opioid prescriptions, including patients that you have turned away or refused to fill their prescription(s)?

O None (01)

- 0 1-3 (02)
- 0 4-6 (03)
- 7-9 (04)
- 10 or more patients (05)

Skip To End of Block: Concerns about Patients' Drug Misuse Problems

If PHOPICON "During the past 90 days, approximately how many of your patients have caused you concern with respect to their opioid prescriptions, including patients that you have turned away or refused to fill their prescriptions" is answered "None" (01)

GRID: OPIOID PATIENT On average, how often do each of the following scenarios occur when patients who are prescribed opioids come to your pharmacy, including patients for whom you refuse to fill or refill their opioid prescriptions?

	Never (01)	Once a month or less often (02)	Two or three times per month (03)	Once or twice per week (04)	Nearly on a daily basis (3- 6 times per week) (05)	On a daily basis or more often (06)
PHFILLTM A patient tries to get a prescription opioid filled before it is due to be filled.	0	0	0	\bigcirc	0	0
PHPTINTX A patient appears intoxicated or drowsy.	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHLOSTOP A patient tries to get a replacement for "lost" medication.	0	0	\bigcirc	0	0	0
PHALTERP A patient alters/forges a prescription.	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHCASHOP A patient pays cash for the opioid prescription.	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHMULTIP A patient has opioid prescriptions from multiple prescribers.	0	\bigcirc	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	0
PHBUYSEL You suspect a patient is selling or buying drugs.	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHPSTATE A patient presents an opioid prescription from an out-of-state provider.	0	0	0	0	0	0
PHPTSTAT A patient from another state presents an opioid prescription.	0	0	0	0	0	0

PHSMNELS An individual tries to fill an opioid prescription for someone else.	\bigcirc	0	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHPTOT Other:	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHPTOTSP						

End of Block: Concerns about Patients' Drug Misuse Problems

Start of Block: Concerns about Opioid Prescribers' Opioid Prescribing Practices

The following questions are related to your **general** concerns about prescribers' opioid prescribing practices. Prescribers includes physicians, nurse practitioners, or physician assistants.

PHCNOPIP Do you have any concern about prescribers' opioid prescribing practices?

O No (0)

O Yes (1)

Skip To End of Block: Concerns about Opioid Prescribers' Opioid Prescribing Practices If PHCNOPIP "Do you have any concern about prescribers' opioid prescribing practices?" is answered "No" (0)

PHCNPORP Approximately what proportion of opioid prescriptions cause you concern?

O Less than 25% (01)

25-50% (02)

51-75% (03)

76-100% (04)

GRID: PRESCRIBER PRA Please rate the extent of your concerns about prescribers' opioid prescribing practices (*Not at all concerned, A little concerned, Somewhat concerned, or Very concerned*) for each of the following reasons:

	Not at all concerned (01)	A little concerned (02)	Somewhat concerned (03)	Very concerned (04)
PHOPIBNZ Prescribing benzodiazepines along with opioids:	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHOPIRLX Prescribing muscle relaxants along with opioids:	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHOPIMIS Prescribing opioids to patients you suspect of opioid misuse:	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHOPIDND Prescribing opioids to patients who, in your opinion, probably do not need them:	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHOPIHID Prescribing high doses of opioids (in your opinion):	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHOPIDOS Increasing opioid doses too quickly:	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHINJOPI Prescribing injectable opioids or multiple opioid prescriptions for chronic non-cancer pain:	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHPPOT Other: PHPPOTSP	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc

End of Block: Concerns about Opioid Prescribers' Opioid Prescribing Practices

Start of Block: Knowledge About Available Screening Tools and Past Experience w Delivering SRT

The following questions are related to your training and experience with delivering substance use and misuse screening, brief intervention, and referrals to treatment.

PHTRNSMK Have you ever received any training, including continuing pharmacy education courses, for delivering smoking cessation interventions to reduce your patients' tobacco use?

Tobacco includes cigarettes and other tobacco products, as well as e-cigarettes or other electronic nicotine delivery systems (ENDS). (Check all that apply)

Tobacco use screening (01)
Smoking advice or brief intervention (02)
Making a referral to treatment (03)
None (04)

PHDLVSMK Have you ever delivered smoking cessation interventions to reduce your patients' tobacco use?

Tobacco includes cigarettes and other tobacco products as well as e-cigarettes or other electronic nicotine delivery systems (ENDS). (Check all that apply)

Tobacco use screening (01)
Smoking advice or brief intervention (02)
Making a referral to treatment (03)
None (04)

PHTRNALC Have you ever received any training, including continuing pharmacy education courses, for delivering alcohol use screening and brief intervention to reduce your patients' hazardous or harmful drinking? (*Check all that apply*)

Alcohol use screening (01)
Alcohol advice or brief intervention (02)
Making a referral to treatment (03)
None (04)

PHDELALC Have you ever delivered alcohol use screening or brief intervention to reduce your patients' hazardous or harmful drinking? *(Check all that apply)*

Alcohol use screening (01)
Alcohol advice or brief intervention (02)
Making a referral to treatment (03)
None (04)

PHTRNOPM Have you ever received any training, including continuing pharmacy education courses, for delivering opioid misuse screening and brief intervention to reduce your patients' opioid misuse?

Opioids include prescription opioid medications and illicit opioids. (Check all that apply)

Opioid misuse screening (01)
Opioid use advice or brief intervention (02)
Making a referral to treatment (03)
None (04)

PHDELOPM Have you ever delivered opioid misuse screening or brief intervention to reduce your patients' opioid misuse?

Opioids include prescription opioid medications and illicit opioids. (Check all that apply)

Opioid misuse screening (01)
Opioid use advice or brief intervention (02)
Making a referral to treatment (03)
None (04)

PHSCTOOL Have you ever used the following screening tools to conduct substance use or misuse screening for your patients? *(Check all that apply)*

Fagerstrom Test for Nicotine Dependence (FTND) (01)
Fagerstrom Test for Nicotine Dependence (FTND) - Smokeless Tobacco (02)
Hooked on Nicotine Checklist (HONC) (03)
Alcohol Use Disorders Identification Test (AUDIT) (10 items) (04)
AUDIT-C (3 items) (05)
NIDA Drug Use Screening Tool (NMASSIST) (06)
CAGE Alcohol Abuse Screening Tool (07)
CAGE-AID Substance Abuse Screening Tool (08)
CRAFFT (09)
Opioid Risk Tool (ORT) (10)
Drug Abuse Screen Test (DAST-10) (11)
Tobacco, Alcohol, Prescription medication and other Substance use (TAPS Tool) (12)
Urine drug screen (UDS) test (13)
Other: (99) PHSCTLOT

End of Block: Knowledge About Available Screening Tools and Past Experience w Delivering SRT

Start of Block: Subjective Norms/Beliefs

The following questions are about opioid use problems. <u>Opioid use problems</u> are defined broadly to include <u>opioid misuse</u> (e.g., using opioids without a prescription; using opioids in greater amounts, more often, or longer than the patient was told to take them; or using opioids

in any other way a doctor did not direct the patient to use), <u>opioid involved overdoses</u>, and <u>opioid use disorder</u>.

GRID: SUB NORM BELIE Please indicate how much you agree or disagree with each of the following statements using a 5-point Likert scale (1=Strongly disagree, 2=Disagree, 3=Neutral, 4=Agree, 5=Strongly agree).

	Strongly disagree (01)	Disagree (02)	Neutral (03)	Agree (04)	Strongly agree (05)
PHOCNCRN I have concerns about opioid use problems among patients in my community practice setting.	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHOSHDSC Most healthcare professionals who are important to me think I should screen patients for opioid use problems.	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHOEXPSC It is expected of me that I screen patients for opioid use problems.	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHOSPRSC I feel under social pressure to screen patients for opioid use problems.	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHOPHPCM Improving pharmacist-patient communication would deter opioid use problems.	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHOPRPCM Improving prescriber-patient communication would deter opioid use problems.	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHOPHPRC Improving pharmacist- prescriber communication would deter opioid use problems.	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHOSHDDS Most healthcare professionals who are important to me think I should discuss opioid use problems with patients.	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHOEXPDS It is expected of me that I discuss opioid use problems with patients.	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHOSPRDS I feel under social pressure to discuss opioid use problems with patients.	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHOSHDRF Most healthcare professionals who are important to me think I should refer patients with opioid use disorder for treatment.	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHOEXPRF It is expected of me that I refer patients with opioid use disorder for treatment.	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHOSPRRF I feel under social pressure to refer patients with opioid use disorder for treatment.	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	0

PHNOPCON I have concerns about nonopioid prescription drug use problems or illicit drug use among patients in my community practice setting.

PHNSHDSC Most healthcare professionals who are important to me think I should screen patients for non-opioid prescription drug use problems or illicit drug use.

PHNEXPSC It is expected of me that I screen patients for non-opioid prescription drug use problems or illicit drug use.

PHNSPSCN I feel under social pressure to screen patients for non-opioid prescription drug use problems or illicit drug use.

PHNPHPCM Improving pharmacist-patient communication would deter non-opioid prescription drug use problems or illicit drug use.

PHNPRPCM Improving prescriber-patient communication would deter non-opioid prescription drug use problems or illicit drug use.

PHNPHPRC Improving pharmacistprescriber communication would deter non-opioid prescription drug use problems or illicit drug use.

PHNSHDDS Most healthcare professionals who are important to me think I should **discuss** non-opioid prescription drug use problems or illicit drug use problems with patients.

PHNEXPDS It is expected of me that I discuss non-opioid prescription drug use problems or illicit drug use problems with patients.

PHNSPDIS I feel under social pressure to **discuss** non-opioid prescription drug use problems or illicit drug use problems with patients.

PHNSHDRF Most healthcare professionals who are important to me think I should **refer** patients with non-opioid drug use disorder for treatment.

\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
0	\bigcirc	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
0	\bigcirc	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
\bigcirc	0	0	0	0
\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
0	\bigcirc	0	0	0
\bigcirc	\bigcirc	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
0	0	0	0	\bigcirc
0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc

PHNEXPRF It is expected of me that I refer patients with non-opioid drug use disorder for treatment.

PHNSPSRF I feel under social pressure to refer patients with non-opioid drug use disorder for treatment.

PHTRNOUD I have received adequate training regarding opioid use problems or opioid use disorders.

PHTRNNOD I have received adequate training regarding non-opioid prescription drug use problems and illicit drug use.

PHPNMNG I have received adequate training regarding pain management pharmacotherapy and opioid prescribing.

\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc

End of Block: Subjective Norms/Beliefs

Start of Block: Perceived Social Stigma

<u>Opioid use problems</u> are defined broadly to include <u>opioid misuse</u> (e.g., using opioids without a prescription; using opioids in greater amounts, more often, or longer than the patient was told to take them; or using opioids in any other way a doctor did not direct the patient to use), <u>opioid involved overdoses</u>, and <u>opioid use disorders</u>.

PHOPICLS People who have opioid use problems (including prescription opioids and illicit opioids) are more likely to be: *(Check all that apply)*

Low income (01)
Middle class (02)
Wealthy (03)
OThis problem equally affects people of all income groups (04)

PHOPILIV People who have opioid use problems (including prescription opioids and illicit opioids) are more likely to live in: *(Check all that apply)*

Rural areas (01)
Suburban areas (02)
Urban areas (03)
OThis problem equally affects people living in all areas (04)

PHOPRACE People who have opioid use problems (including prescription opioids and illicit opioids) are more likely to be: *(Check all that apply)*

American Indian or Alaska Native (01)
Asian (02)
Black or African American (03)
Hispanic/Latinx (04)
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander (05)
White (06)
Multiracial (07)
\bigotimes This problem equally affects all racial and ethnic groups (08)

PHOUDWRK Would you be willing to have a person with a history of opioid use disorder start working closely with you on any job (not limited to a job at a pharmacy)?

- O No (0)
- O Yes (1)

PHOUDFAM Would you be willing to have a person with an opioid use disorder marry into your family?

○ No (0)

○ Yes (1)

PHOUDPHM Would you be concerned about the safety of other customers if patients with an opioid use disorder come to your pharmacy for medication dispensing?

No (0)Yes (1)

GRID: OUD ATTITUDE Please indicate how much you agree or disagree with each of the following statements using a 5-point Likert scale (1=Strongly disagree, 2=Disagree, 3=Neutral, 4=Agree, 5=Strongly agree).

	Strongly disagree (01)	Disagree (02)	Neutral (03)	Agree (04)	Strongly agree (05)
PHDANGER People with an opioid use disorder are more dangerous than the general population.	0	0	\bigcirc	0	0
PHDNYJOB Employers should be allowed to deny employment to a person with an opioid use disorder.	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHDNYHOM Landlords should be allowed to deny housing to a person with an opioid use disorder.	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
	I				

End of Block: Perceived Social Stigma

Start of Block: (DPQ) Drug and Drug Problems Perception Questionnaire

Please indicate how much you agree or disagree with each of the following statements about working with people <u>who use licit or illicit drugs</u>. Please rate each of the following statements **using a 7-point Likert scale ranging from "Strongly agree" to "Strongly disagree."**

DPKNWLDG I feel I have a working knowledge of drugs and drug related problems.

- O Strongly disagree (01)
- O Disagree (02)
- Somewhat disagree (03)
- O Neither agree nor disagree (04)
- O Somewhat agree (05)
- O Agree (06)
- O Strongly agree (07)

DPCAUSES I feel I know enough about the causes of drug problems to carry out my role when working with drug users.

0	Strongly	disagree	(01)
---	----------	----------	------

- O Disagree (02)
- Somewhat disagree (03)
- O Neither agree nor disagree (04)
- O Somewhat agree (05)
- O Agree (06)
- O Strongly agree (07)

DPPHYSCL I feel I know enough about the physical effects of drug use to carry out my role when working with drug users.

\bigcirc	Strongly	disagree	(01)	۱
\bigcirc	Subligiy	usayiee	(UT)	1

- O Disagree (02)
- Somewhat disagree (03)
- O Neither agree nor disagree (04)
- O Somewhat agree (05)
- O Agree (06)
- O Strongly agree (07)

DPPSYCH I feel I know enough about the psychological effects of drugs to carry out my role when working with drug users.

O Strongly disagree (01)

O Disagree (02)

- O Somewhat disagree (03)
- O Neither agree nor disagree (04)
- O Somewhat agree (05)
- O Agree (06)
- O Strongly agree (07)

DPRSKFCT I feel I know enough about the factors which put people at risk of developing drug problems to carry out my role when working with drug users.

○ Strongly disagree (01)

- O Disagree (02)
- \bigcirc Somewhat disagree (03)
- \bigcirc Neither agree nor disagree (04)
- \bigcirc Somewhat agree (05)
- O Agree (06)
- O Strongly agree (07)

DPLTCNSL I feel I know how to counsel drug users over the long-term.

- Strongly disagree (01)
- O Disagree (02)
- Somewhat disagree (03)
- O Neither agree nor disagree (04)
- O Somewhat agree (05)
- O Agree (06)
- O Strongly agree (07)

DPADVISE I feel I can appropriately advise my patients about drugs and their effects.

- O Strongly disagree (01)
- O Disagree (02)
- Somewhat disagree (03)
- O Neither agree nor disagree (04)
- O Somewhat agree (05)
- O Agree (06)
- O Strongly agree (07)

DPQSTNPT I feel I have the right to ask patients questions about their drug use when necessary.

 Strongly disagree (01) 	agree (01)
--	------------

- O Disagree (02)
- \bigcirc Somewhat disagree (03)
- \bigcirc Neither agree nor disagree (04)
- O Somewhat agree (05)
- O Agree (06)
- O Strongly agree (07)

DPPTINFO I feel I have the right to ask a patient for any information that is relevant to their drug problems.

○ Strongly disagree (01)

O Disagree (02)

- Somewhat disagree (03)
- O Neither agree nor disagree (04)
- \bigcirc Somewhat agree (05)
- O Agree (06)
- O Strongly agree (07)

DPPRSNL If I felt the need when working with drug users, I could easily find someone with whom I could discuss any personal difficulties that I might encounter.

○ Strongly disagree (01)

O Disagree (02)

O Somewhat disagree (03)

O Neither agree nor disagree (04)

O Somewhat agree (05)

O Agree (06)

O Strongly agree (07)

DPPRFRSP If I felt the need when working with drug users, I could easily find someone who would help me clarify my professional responsibilities.

\bigcirc	Strongly	disagree	(01)	۱
\smile	Outongry	usagicc	(01)	

- O Disagree (02)
- Somewhat disagree (03)
- O Neither agree nor disagree (04)
- Somewhat agree (05)
- O Agree (06)
- O Strongly agree (07)

DPAPPRCH If I felt the need, I could easily find someone who would be able to help me formulate the best approach to a drug user.

\bigcirc	Strongly	disagree	(01)	

- O Disagree (02)
- Somewhat disagree (03)
- O Neither agree nor disagree (04)
- O Somewhat agree (05)
- O Agree (06)
- O Strongly agree (07)

DPDOLITL I feel that there is little I can do to help drug users.

- O Strongly disagree (01)
- O Disagree (02)
- Somewhat disagree (03)
- \bigcirc Neither agree nor disagree (04)
- O Somewhat agree (05)
- O Agree (06)
- O Strongly agree (07)

DPABLWRK I feel I am able to work with drug users as well as other client groups.

\bigcirc	Strongly	disagree	(01)
------------	----------	----------	------

- O Disagree (02)
- Somewhat disagree (03)
- \bigcirc Neither agree nor disagree (04)
- O Somewhat agree (05)
- O Agree (06)
- O Strongly agree (07)

DPFAILUR All in all, I am inclined to feel I am a failure with drug users.

- O Strongly disagree (01)
- O Disagree (02)
- Somewhat disagree (03)
- O Neither agree nor disagree (04)
- O Somewhat agree (05)
- O Agree (06)
- O Strongly agree (07)

DPRSPCT In general, I have less respect for drug users than for most other patients I work with.

\bigcirc	Strongly	disagree	(01)
------------	----------	----------	------

- O Disagree (02)
- Somewhat disagree (03)
- O Neither agree nor disagree (04)
- O Somewhat agree (05)
- O Agree (06)
- O Strongly agree (07)

DPCMFRT I often feel uncomfortable when working with drug users.

- O Strongly disagree (01)
- O Disagree (02)
- Somewhat disagree (03)
- O Neither agree nor disagree (04)
- O Somewhat agree (05)
- O Agree (06)
- O Strongly agree (07)

DPSATSFY In general, one can get satisfaction from working with drug users.

- O Strongly disagree (01)
- O Disagree (02)
- Somewhat disagree (03)
- \bigcirc Neither agree nor disagree (04)
- O Somewhat agree (05)
- O Agree (06)
- O Strongly agree (07)

DPREWARD In general, it is rewarding to work with drug users.

- Strongly disagree (01)
- O Disagree (02)
- Somewhat disagree (03)
- O Neither agree nor disagree (04)
- Somewhat agree (05)
- O Agree (06)
- O Strongly agree (07)

DPUNDRST In general, I feel I can understand drug users.

\bigcirc	Stronalv	disagree	(01)
-	easign	aloagioo	、 <u> </u>

- O Disagree (02)
- Somewhat disagree (03)
- O Neither agree nor disagree (04)
- Somewhat agree (05)
- O Agree (06)
- O Strongly agree (07)

End of Block: (DPQ) Drug and Drug Problems Perception Questionnaire

Start of Block: Perceived Self-efficacy and Confidence to Address OUD

GRID: SELF-EFFICACY Please indicate how much you agree with each of the following statements <u>using a 5-point Likert scale</u> (1=Strongly disagree, 2=Disagree, 3=Neutral, 4=Agree, 5=Strongly agree).

	Strongly disagree (01)	Disagree (02)	Neutral (03)	Agree (04)	Strongly agree (05)
PHOUPKNO I feel I have a working knowledge of opioid use problems.	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHOUPRSP I feel I have a clear idea of my responsibilities in helping patients who have opioid use problems.	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHOUPASK I feel I have the right to ask patients about their use of prescription opioids.	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHOUPAWK I feel awkward asking patients about their possible opioid use problems.	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHOUPNEG I feel afraid of possible negative reactions from patients (e.g., anger/violence toward pharmacy staff) when asking them about possible opioid use problems.	0	\bigcirc	0	0	0

GRID: CONFIDENCE Please indicate how much you agree with each of the following statements <u>using a 5-point Likert scale</u> (1=Strongly disagree, 2=Disagree, 3=Neutral, 4=Agree, 5=Strongly agree).

	Strongly disagree (01)	Disagree (02)	Neutral (03)	Agree (04)	Strongly agree (05)
PHOUPDET I am confident in my ability to detect patients' opioid use problems in my practice setting.	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHOUPCNS I am confident in my ability to counsel patients regarding perceived opioid use problems.	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHOUPDIS I am confident in my ability to discuss treatment facility options with patients with potential opioid use problems.	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHOUPRX I feel comfortable communicating with prescribers regarding the legitimacy of opioid prescriptions.	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHOUPDMG I fear that I may damage prescriber-pharmacist relationships if I question opioid-prescribing behaviors.	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHOUPDSC I fear that I may face disciplinary action from my employer if I question the legitimacy of an opioid prescription.	0	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	0

End of Block: Perceived Self-efficacy and Confidence to Address OUD

Start of Block: Perceived Barriers and Facilitators

GRID: TREAT BARRIERS Please indicate how much you agree with each of the following statements <u>using a 5-point Likert scale</u> (1=Strongly disagree, 2=Disagree, 3=Neutral, 4=Agree, 5=Strongly agree).

	Strongly disagree (01)	Disagree (02)	Neutral (03)	Agree (04)	Strongly agree (05)
PHOUPTRN I possess too little training in helping patients who have opioid use problems.	0	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	0
PHOUPSCR I have insufficient access to screening tools to assess opioid use problems.	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHOUPID I know too little about how to identify patients with opioid use problems.	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHOUPPAM I have too few substance use disorder educational pamphlets available to distribute to patients with opioid use problems.	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHOUPREF I know too little about where to refer patients with opioid use problems for help.	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHOUPSAF I have insufficient training to screen opioid use problems for potential patient safety issues.	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHOUPDSP I have insufficient training to discuss opioid use problems with prescribers.	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc

PHSUDBRR	Please indicate the barriers to engaging your patients in substance use disorder
treatment co	nversations, including referral to addiction treatment. (Check all that apply)

	Time constraints or too busy (01)
	Shortage of the pharmacy staff (02)
	Having limited knowledge about substance use disorder in general (03)
	Having limited knowledge about substance use disorder treatment and options (04)
(05)	Having limited knowledge or training about medication treatment for opioid use disorder
	Not having suitable screening tools or instruments to screen patient for drug misuse (06)
	Not having access to patient's urine drug screen results to confirm drug use (07)
	Not knowing where to refer patients (08)
	Not having substance use disorder treatment program pamphlets available (09)
(10)	Not having professional relationships with substance use disorder treatment programs
	Feeling awkward about talking with patients about substance use disorder treatment (11)
	Believing that patients would not take my advice and go to treatment (12)
treatmo	Believing that patients would resent being asked about substance use disorder ent (13)
respon	Believing that referring patients for substance use disorder treatment is not the sibility of a pharmacist (14)
	Stigma-related factors (15)
	Insufficient reimbursement (16)
	Losing a patient to another pharmacy (17)
	Lack of private space (18)

PHSUDHRE In the past year, about how many lecture/seminar hours (including Continuing Pharmacy Education) have you attended on substance use/misuse screening and referral to treatment for <u>substance use disorders</u> (e.g., tobacco, alcohol, opioid, and non-opioid drug use problems)?

PHSUDBOT

[0-50]
PHOUDHRE In the past year, about how many lecture/seminar hours (including Continuing
Pharmacy Education) have you attended on substance use/misuse screening and referral to
treatment for opioid use disorder?
 [0-50]
PHSCNHRE In the past year, about how many lecture/seminar hours (including Continuing
Pharmacy Education) have you attended on the use of screening or assessment tools for
identifying unhealthy substance use or addiction problems (e.g., tobacco, alcohol, opioid, and
non-opioid drug use problems)?
 [0-50]

GRID: CLINIC COUNSEL Please choose the responses that best describe <u>your current clinical</u> <u>practice</u> of counseling adult patients about their opioid use. Adults include persons aged 18 and older.

	None (01)	1-19% (02)	20- 39% (03)	40- 59% (04)	60- 79% (05)	80-100% (06)
PHASKUSE Of your adult patients prescribed opioids, what percentage do you ask about their opioid use?	0	0	\bigcirc	0	0	0
PHRSKDIS Of your adult patients who may be at high risk for having opioid use problems (e.g., based on the report from a Prescription Drug Monitoring Program), what percentage do you discuss with or advise to change their opioid use?	0	\bigcirc	0	0	\bigcirc	0
PHREFTRT Of your adult patients who may have an opioid use disorder and who have not received medication treatment for it (e.g., buprenorphine), what percentage do you make any kind of referral for opioid use disorder treatment?	0	0	0	0	0	0

End of Block: Perceived Barriers and Facilitators

Start of Block: Pharmacist Experience Dispensing MOUD

PHDISBUP Have you ever dispensed <u>Buprenorphine-containing medications</u> (e.g., generic sublingual tablets, films, Suboxone, Subutex, Zubsolv, Bunavail, Cassipa, Sublocade) for treatment for opioid use disorder?

O No (0)

O Yes (1)

Skip To PHDISNTX

If PHDISBUP "Have you ever dispensed Buprenorphine containing medications (e.g., generic sublingual tablets, films, Suboxone, Subutex, Zubsolv, Bunavail, Cassipa, Sublocade) for treatment for opioid use disorder?" is answered "No" (0)

PHBUP30D In the past 30 days, approximately how many <u>Buprenorphine-containing medication</u> prescriptions have you dispensed for treatment for opioid use disorder?

[0-7500]
PHDISNTX Have you ever dispensed <u>Naltrexone (ReVia®)</u> for treatment for opioid use disorder?
O No (0)
○ Yes (1)
Skip To PHDISIDN
If PHDISNTX "Have you ever dispensed Naltrexone (ReVia®) for treatment for opioid use disorder?" is answered "No" (0)
PHNTX30D In the past 30 days, approximately how many <u>Naltrexone (ReVia®) prescriptions</u> have you dispensed for treatment for opioid use disorder?
[0-500]

PHDISIDN Have you ever administered <u>Injectable depot Naltrexone (Vivitrol®)</u> for treatment for opioid use disorder?

O No (0)

○ Yes (1)

Skip To End of Block: Pharmacist Experience Dispensing MOUD

If PHDISIDN "Have you ever administered Injectable depot Naltrexone (Vivitrol®) for treatment for opioid use disorder" is answered "No" (0)

PHIDN30D In the past 30 days, approximately how many Injectable depot Naltrexone (Vivitrol®) have you administered for treatment for opioid use disorder?

[0-500]

End of Block: Pharmacist Experience Dispensing MOUD

Start of Block: Pharmacist Perception of Effectiveness of OUD Treatment Option

PHOUDWEL *Do you agree with the following statement?*

Most people with an opioid use disorder can, with treatment, get well and return to productive lives.

O No (0)

O Yes (1)

	Yes (01)	No (00)	Don't know (97)
PHBUP Buprenorphine (oral; generic sublingual tablets or films, Suboxone, Subutex, Zubsolv, Bunavail, Cassipa):	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHBUPXRI Buprenorphine extended-release injection (Sublocade):	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHBUPIMP Buprenorphine implants (Probuphine):	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHMET Methadone (Methadose, Dolophine):	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHNTXORL Naltrexone oral (ReVia®):	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHNTXINJ Naltrexone injectable depot (Vivitrol®):	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHINPAT Inpatient detoxification/rehabilitation:	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHFAMCNS Behavioral family counseling:	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHCOGNBT Cognitive behavioral therapy:	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHCNTMNG Contingency management:	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHGRPTHR Group therapy:	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHMNDFLB Mindfulness-based intervention:	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHMTVINT Motivational Interviewing:	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PH12STEP 12-step mutual aid group:	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHOTTRT Other: PHOTTRSP	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc

GRID: OUD TREATMENT Based on your professional judgment, are each of the following effective treatment options for opioid use disorders?

End of Block: Pharmacist Perception of Effectiveness of OUD Treatment Option

Start of Block: Opinions About MOUD and Intention to Practice

The following questions concern opinions about medication treatment for opioid use disorder.

Please rate each of the following statements about <u>Methadone for Opioid Use Disorder</u> <u>Treatment using a 5-point Likert scale</u> (1=Not at all/None at all to 5=A lot/very much so).

PHFMMET How familiar are you with methadone treatment?

 \bigcirc Not at all (01)

Slightly (02)

O Somewhat (03)

O Moderately (04)

• Very much so (05)

PHTRMET How much training have you received about methadone treatment?

○ None at all	(01)
---------------	------

A little (02)

• A moderate amount (03)

$\bigcirc A$	good	deal	(04)
--------------	------	------	------

O A lot (05)

PHKRMET How knowledgeable are you about where to refer a patient for methadone treatment?

O Not at all (01)

- O Slightly (02)
- O Somewhat (03)
- O Moderately (04)
- \bigcirc Very much so (05)

PHHLMET Do you think using methadone treatment might be helpful to your patients with opioid use disorder?

O Not at all (01)

O Slightly (02)

- O Somewhat (03)
- O Moderately (04)
- Very much so (05)

PHRMETN How likely are you to refer patients with an opioid use disorder to methadone treatment <u>now</u>?

O Not at all (01)

- O Slightly (02)
- O Somewhat (03)
- O Moderately (04)
- Very much so (05)

PHRMETF How likely are you to refer patients to methadone treatment in the future?

O Not at all (01)

- Slightly (02)
- O Somewhat (03)
- O Moderately (04)
- Very much so (05)

Please rate each of the following statements about <u>Buprenorphine for Opioid Use Disorder</u> <u>Treatment using a 5-point Likert scale</u> (1=Not at all/None at all to 5=A lot/very much so).

PHFMBUP How familiar are you with buprenorphine treatment?

- \bigcirc Not at all (01)
- O Slightly (02)
- O Somewhat (03)
- O Moderately (04)
- Very much so (05)

PHTRNBUP How much training have you received about buprenorphine treatment?

None at all (01)

- \bigcirc A little (02)
- A moderate amount (03)
- \bigcirc A good deal (04)
- A lot (05)

PHREFBUP How knowledgeable are you about where to refer a patient for buprenorphine treatment?

O Not at all (01)

- O Slightly (02)
- O Somewhat (03)
- O Moderately (04)
- \bigcirc Very much so (05)

PHHLPBUP Do you think using buprenorphine treatment might be helpful to your patients with opioid use disorder?

O Not at all (01)

O Slightly (02)

- O Somewhat (03)
- O Moderately (04)
- Very much so (05)

PHRBUPN How likely are you to refer patients with an opioid use disorder to buprenorphine treatment <u>now</u>?

 \bigcirc Not at all (01)

- O Slightly (02)
- O Somewhat (03)
- O Moderately (04)
- Very much so (05)

PHRBUPF How likely are you to refer patients to buprenorphine treatment in the future?

O Not at all (01)

- Slightly (02)
- O Somewhat (03)
- O Moderately (04)
- Very much so (05)

Please rate each of the following statements about <u>oral Naltrexone (ReVia®) for Opioid Use</u>

Disorder Treatment using a 5-point Likert scale (1=Not at all/None at all to 5=A lot/very much so).

PHFMONTX How familiar are you with oral naltrexone treatment?

- O Not at all (01)
- Slightly (02)
- O Somewhat (03)
- O Moderately (04)
- Very much so (05)

PHTRONTX How much training have you received about oral naltrexone treatment?

- \bigcirc None at all (01)
- \bigcirc A little (02)
- A moderate amount (03)
- A good deal (04)
- O A lot (05)

PHRFONTX How knowledgeable are you about where to refer a patient for oral naltrexone treatment?

O Not at all (01)

- O Slightly (02)
- O Somewhat (03)
- O Moderately (04)
- \bigcirc Very much so (05)

PHHLONTX Do you think using oral naltrexone treatment might be helpful to your patients with opioid use disorder?

O Not at all (01)

O Slightly (02)

- O Somewhat (03)
- O Moderately (04)
- O Very much so (05)

PHRONTXN How likely are you to refer patients with an opioid use disorder to oral naltrexone treatment <u>now</u>?

 \bigcirc Not at all (01)

- O Slightly (02)
- O Somewhat (03)
- O Moderately (04)
- Very much so (05)

PHRONTXF How likely are you to refer patients to oral naltrexone treatment in the future?

 \bigcirc Not at all (01)

- Slightly (02)
- O Somewhat (03)
- O Moderately (04)
- Very much so (05)

Please rate each of the following statements about <u>Injectable depot Naltrexone (Vivitrol®) for</u> <u>Opioid Use Disorder Treatment using a 5-point Likert scale</u> (1=Not at all/None at all to 5=A lot/very much so).

PHFMINTX How familiar are you with injectable naltrexone treatment?

O Not at all (01)

- Slightly (02)
- O Somewhat (03)
- O Moderately (04)
- Very much so (05)

PHTRINTX How much training have you received about injectable naltrexone treatment?

\bigcirc None at all (01)	\bigcirc	None	at a	all (01))
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- A little (02)
- A moderate amount (03)
- A good deal (04)
- O A lot (05)

PHKRINTX How knowledgeable are you about where to refer a patient for injectable naltrexone treatment?

O Not at all (01)

- O Slightly (02)
- O Somewhat (03)
- O Moderately (04)
- \bigcirc Very much so (05)

PHHLINTX Do you think using injectable naltrexone treatment might be helpful to your patients with opioid use disorder?

O Not at all (01)

O Slightly (02)

- O Somewhat (03)
- O Moderately (04)
- Very much so (05)

PHRINTXN How likely are you to refer patients with an opioid use disorder to injectable naltrexone treatment <u>now</u>?

O Not at all (01)

- O Slightly (02)
- O Somewhat (03)
- O Moderately (04)
- Very much so (05)

Page 64 of 75

PHRINTXF How likely are you to refer patients to injectable naltrexone treatment in the future?

- O Not at all (01)
- O Slightly (02)
- O Somewhat (03)
- O Moderately (04)
- O Very much so (05)

End of Block: Opinions About MOUD and Intention to Practice

Start of Block: Perceived Benefits and Barriers of Collaborative Care Model Approach

GRID: COLLAB CARE A physician and community pharmacist collaborative care model refers to the use of Collaborative Practice Agreements (CPAs) to create a formal practice relationship between community pharmacists and a prescriber (physician/practitioner) to manage patients receiving buprenorphine for treatment for opioid use disorder. Under such a physicianpharmacist collaborative model, pharmacists would dispense buprenorphine, conduct monthly follow-up care and medication use monitoring, provide medication education, and conduct urine drug screens (as needed) under the supervision of a buprenorphine prescriber. The buprenorphine prescriber would continue to prescribe buprenorphine and adjust the dosing (as needed) for the patient through monthly remote or virtual communication with the pharmacist.

Please indicate your opinion about each of the following statements regarding the implementation of such a physician and community pharmacist collaborative care model <u>using a</u> <u>5-point Likert scale</u> (1=Strongly disagree, 2=Disagree, 3=Neutral, 4=Agree, 5=Strongly agree).

	Strongly disagree (01)	Disagree (02)	Neutral (03)	Agree (04)	Strongly agree (05)
PHCCMLOC Community pharmacy is the right location for this type of treatment.	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHCCMTRN Licensed community pharmacists are well-trained to use a physician and pharmacist collaborative care model to expand patient care services.	0	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	0
PHCCMVIS It is convenient to hold buprenorphine visits at a pharmacy where the medication is dispensed.	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHCCMQLT Having a licensed community pharmacist involved with buprenorphine treatment improves patient care quality.	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHCCMEFF Having a licensed community pharmacist involved with buprenorphine treatment increases efficiency of treatment delivery.	0	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	0
PHCCMTIM Having a licensed community pharmacist involved with buprenorphine treatment frees up physician's time to treat more patients.	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHCCMROL It is easy for patients to understand and distinguish patient's, physician's, and pharmacist's roles.	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHCCMCNV Patients are satisfied with going to a pharmacy that is convenient to their schedule or house location for prescriptions and visits.	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	0
PHCCMPRV I have concerns about privacy and protection of personal information in the pharmacy in such a model.	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHCCMMDW I know of one or more physicians who may be willing to engage in such a model.	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc

End of Block: Perceived Benefits and Barriers of Collaborative Care Model Approach

Start of Block: Policy Support for Pharmacist-Provided SRT Services

GRID: POLICY SUPPORT Please indicate your opinion about each of the following statements **regarding legislative changes and policy support for pharmacist-provided patient care for patients receiving medication treatment for opioid use disorder** <u>using a 5-point Likert</u> <u>scale</u> (1=Strongly disagree, 2=Disagree, 3=Neutral, 4=Agree, 5=Strongly agree).

	Strongly disagree (01)	Disagree (02)	Neutral (03)	Agree (04)	Strongly agree (05)
PHWVPHRM Community pharmacists should be authorized to be Drug Addiction Treatment Act of 2000 ("DATA") waived providers by including as qualified practitioners.	0	0	0	0	0
PHTRTOUD Community pharmacists should be allowed to administer and be reimbursed for providing treatment services for opioid use disorders (e.g., monitoring and adjusting buprenorphine doses under a Collaborative Practice Agreement, conducting urinalyses).	0	\bigcirc	0	\bigcirc	0
PHNTXRMB Community pharmacists should be reimbursed for administering injectable depot naltrexone (Vivitrol®) for treatment for opioid use disorders.	0	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHDISMET Community pharmacists should be allowed to administer and dispense methadone for treatment for opioid use disorders at the community pharmacy setting.	0	\bigcirc	0	0	0
PHSCNRMB Community pharmacists should be reimbursed for delivering screening for opioid misuse and other drug misuse problems.	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	0	\bigcirc
PHINTRMB Community pharmacists should be reimbursed for delivering behavioral or educational interventions for substance use disorders' preventive care services (e.g., motivational interviewing, smoking cessation counseling, drug misuse counseling).	0	\bigcirc	0	\bigcirc	0

End of Block: Policy Support for Pharmacist-Provided SRT Services

Start of Block: Potential Impacts of the COVID-19 Pandemic

PHCOVTST Have	you been tested for COVID-19? ((Check all that apply)

e/mouth/throat)
test) (02)

Display This Question:

If PHCOVTST "Have you been tested for COVID 19?" is answered "Yes, I got another test other than swab or antibody test" (03)

PHCOVTOT If "Yes, I got another test other than swab or antibody test", please specify the type of test:

Display This Question:

If PHCOVTST "Have you been tested for COVID 19?" is answered "Yes, I got a swab test to check for active infection (swab is usually in nose/mouth/throat)" (01)

PHCOVSWB Have you ever tested positive for COVID-19 when you had a swab test?

• Yes (01)

O No (00)

 \bigcirc Tested but did not get result (02)

O Decline to answer (98)

Display This Question:

If PHCOVTST "Have you been tested for COVID 19?" is answered "Yes, I got an antibody test to check for previous infection (usually a blood test)" (02)

PHCOVANT Have you ever tested positive for COVID-19 when you had an antibody test?

• Yes (01)

O No (00)

• Tested but did not get result (02)

O Decline to answer (98)

Display This Question:

If PHCOVTST "Have you been tested for COVID 19?" is answered "Yes, I got another test other than swab or antibody test" (03)

PHCOVPOT Have you ever tested positive for COVID-19 when you had a test other than swab or antibody test?

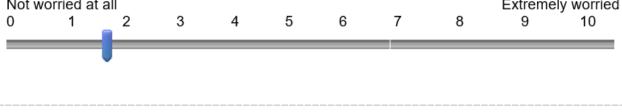
• Yes (01)

O No (00)

Tested but did not get result (02)

O Decline to answer (98)

Display This Question:					
If "Have you ever tested positive for COVID 19 when you had…" any test from F PHCOVANT, or PHCOVPOT includes answers "Yes" (01), "Tested but did not get re to answer" (98)					
PHCOVHSP Have you been hospitalized due to COVID-19?					
○ Yes (01)					
O No (00)					
O Decline to answer (98)					
PHCOVWOR On a scale of 0 to 10, how worried are you about the COVID-19 pandemic? 0 being not worried at all, and 10 being extremely worried.					
Not worried at all	Extremely worried				



PHCOVBAR Please indicate the barriers to dispensing medications to patients with substance use disorders and providing patient care during the COVID-19 pandemic. (*Check all that apply*)

Cleaning and disinfecting the pharmacy space/surfaces requirement (01)
Closing the clinic units within a pharmacy (02)
Curbside pickup (03)
Drive-through services (04)
Fear of infection (05)
Limit the number of patients in the pharmacy (06)
Medication/Drug shortages (07)
Prescribers are less available (e.g., shortage of prescribers) (08)
Social distancing measures (09)
Staff shortages (10)
Tele-pharmacy strategies (11)
Use of face covering by patients (12)
Use of face coverings by pharmacists or pharmacy technicians (13)
Prescription reimbursement barriers (14)
Other: (99) PHCOVBOT

PHCOVPOS Has the COVID-19 pandemic positively influenced your ability to dispense medications and provide care to patients with substance use disorder?

O No (0)

O Yes (1)

Skip To GRID: COVID HELP

If PHCOVPOS "Has the COVID 19 pandemic positively influenced your ability to dispense medications and provide care to patients with substance use disorder?" is answered "No" (0)

PHCOVPSP Describe briefly how COVID-19 has positively influenced your ability to dispense medications and provide care to patients with substance use disorder:

GRID: COVID HELP To what extent have each of the following facilitated community pharmacists helping patients and the pharmacy operation during the COVID-19 pandemic?

	Not helpful (01)	Somewhat helpful (02)	Very helpful (03)	Would be helpful if allowed (04)
PHTESTPH Allowing licensed pharmacists to test patients for COVID-19 infection and provide treatment linkage:	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	0
PHREMDIS Allowing licensed pharmacists to dispense medications and provide counseling/education remotely:	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHMAIMED Allowing licensed pharmacists to mail medications to patients:	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHDELMED Allowing licensed pharmacists to deliver medications to patients:	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHSUBMED Allowing licensed pharmacists to substitute drugs without doctor authorization to address drug shortages (e.g., using different drugs from the same class or use brand/non-brand formulations of the same medication):	0	\bigcirc	0	\bigcirc
PHEMRGRF Allowing licensed pharmacists to dispense emergency refills for prescriptions:	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
PHCVHLOT Other: PHCVHLSP	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc

End of Block: Potential Impacts of the COVID-19 Pandemic

Start of Block: Follow-up Interview

PHINTRVW Would you be willing to participate in a paid follow-up interview related to this survey?

O No (0)

O Yes (1)

We thank you for your time spent taking this survey.

Your response has been recorded.